

Standard Behavior Descriptions for the Web of Things

Victor Charpenay

Chair of Technical Information Systems, Friedrich-Alexander University of Erlangen-Nuremberg

05.06.2019



Outline

Introduction

Describing the Behavior of Things

Challenge: Web of Things Scripts as Behavior Descriptions

Motivation

Main Issues

Existing Technologies

High-Level Taxonomy

Risks & Opportunities

Roadmap & Conclusion

Introduction



Introduction

This presentation is about extending the “Behavior” building block of W3C WoT.

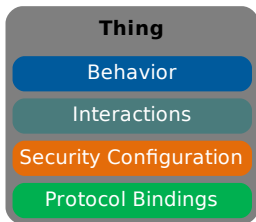


Figure: Building blocks of a WoT runtime (*Source: W3C*)

“the behavior aspect of a Thing includes both lifecycle management (...) but also the **operational behavior** of the Thing.”

Source: <https://www.w3.org/TR/wot-architecture/>

Describing the Behavior of Things



Web Mash-ups at an Industrial Scale

Problem

WoT building blocks allow for **application mash-ups** driven by interactions between Things. How to scale up from a handful of Things to **complex industrial systems** with 1,000+ Things?

Approach

Interaction cycles (\sim processes) can be described with **WoT scripts**.

Web Mash-ups at an Industrial Scale

Problem

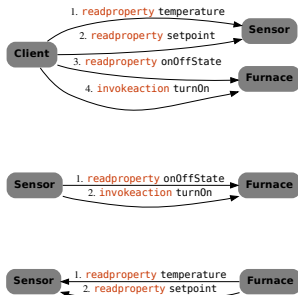
WoT building blocks allow for **application mash-ups** driven by interactions between Things. How to scale up from a handful of Things to **complex industrial systems** with 1,000+ Things?

Approach

Interaction cycles (\sim processes) can be described with **WoT scripts**.

Example

Implementation of a **thermostat** with a temperature **sensor** and a **furnace**



```

var sensor = wot.consume({...}), // temperature sensor TD
    furnace = wot.consume({...}); // furnace TD
    
```

```

function regulate() {
  var actual = sensor.properties.temperature,
      desired = furnace.properties.setpoint,
      isOn = furnace.properties.onOffState;

  if (actual < desired && !isOn)
    furnace.actions.turnOn.invoke();
  else if (isOn)
    furnace.actions.turnOff.invoke();
}
    
```

```

setInterval(regulate, 1000);
    
```

Figure: Alternative sequences of interactions among elements of a thermostat system; interactions are either mediated (top) or peer-to-peer (middle & bottom)

Why Exposing WoT Scripts?

- For Reusability
 - Similar to a Node-RED node or an npm package
- For Scalability
 - Automatic (re)deployment of an application onto a WoT runtime
 - Simulation of the internal behavior of a system in a so-called *Digital Twin*
 - Interaction replay in case of failure or liability testing as required in some industries

Why Exposing WoT Scripts?

- For Reusability
 - Similar to a Node-RED node or an npm package
- For Scalability
 - Automatic (re)deployment of an application onto a WoT runtime
 - Simulation of the internal behavior of a system in a so-called *Digital Twin*
 - Interaction replay in case of failure or liability testing as required in some industries

Why Exposing WoT Scripts?

- For Reusability
 - Similar to a Node-RED node or an npm package
- For Scalability
 - Automatic (re)deployment of an application onto a WoT runtime
 - Simulation of the internal behavior of a system in a so-called *Digital Twin*
 - Interaction replay in case of failure or liability testing as required in some industries

Why Exposing WoT Scripts?

- For Reusability
 - Similar to a Node-RED node or an npm package
- For Scalability
 - Automatic (re)deployment of an application onto a WoT runtime
 - Simulation of the internal behavior of a system in a so-called *Digital Twin*
 - Interaction replay in case of failure or liability testing as required in some industries

Why Exposing WoT Scripts?

- For Reusability
 - Similar to a Node-RED node or an npm package
- For Scalability
 - Automatic (re)deployment of an application onto a WoT runtime
 - Simulation of the internal behavior of a system in a so-called *Digital Twin*
 - Interaction replay in case of failure or liability testing as required in some industries

Main Issues

Deployment-specific requirements included in scripts should be **parameterized**.

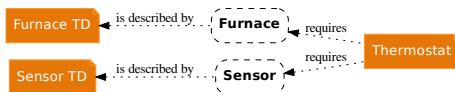


Figure: Script requirements for a thermostat

Parameters to add to the WoT API

- Input requirements: TD templates or shapes or frames
- Contextualization: semantic relation between Things

Main Issues

Deployment-specific requirements included in scripts should be **parameterized**.

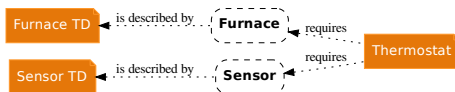


Figure: Script requirements for a thermostat

Parameters to add to the WoT API

- Input requirements: TD templates or shapes or frames
- Contextualization: semantic relation between Things

Main Issues

Deployment-specific requirements included in scripts should be **parameterized**.

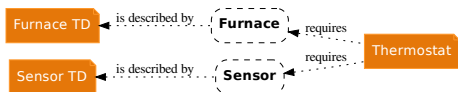


Figure: Script requirements for a thermostat

Parameters to add to the WoT API

- Input requirements: TD templates or shapes or frames
- Contextualization: semantic relation between Things

Input Requirements

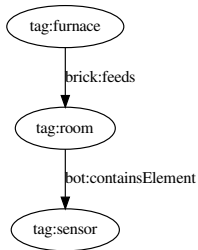
Sensor TD **frame** (JSON-LD)

```
{
  "@context": "...",
  "id": "tag:sensor",
  "properties": {
    "temperature": {
      "type": "number"
    },
    "setpoint": {
      "type": "number"
    }
  },
  "actions": {}
}
```

Furnace TD **frame** (JSON-LD)

```
{
  "@context": "...",
  "id": "tag:furnace",
  "properties": {
    "onOffState": {
      "type": "boolean"
    }
  },
  "actions": {
    "turnOn": {},
    "turnOff": {}
  }
}
```

Contextualization



Context **frame** (JSON-LD)

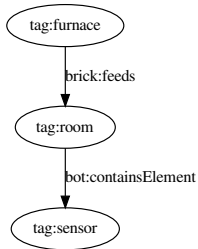
```

{
  "@context": "...",
  "id": "tag:furnace",
  "brick:feeds": {
    "id": "tag:room",
    "bot:containsElement": {
      "id": "tag:sensor"
    }
  }
}
  
```

Figure: Ontological expression giving the necessary relation between the temperature sensor and the furnace for a thermostat system

→ Can be merged with sensor and furnace TDs in a single frame

Contextualization



Context **frame** (JSON-LD)

```

{
  "@context": "...",
  "id": "tag:furnace",
  "brick:feeds": {
    "id": "tag:room",
    "bot:containsElement": {
      "id": "tag:sensor"
    }
  }
}
  
```

Figure: Ontological expression giving the necessary relation between the temperature sensor and the furnace for a thermostat system

→ Can be merged with sensor and furnace TDs in a single frame

Existing Technologies



WoT-compatible Development Environments

Node-RED

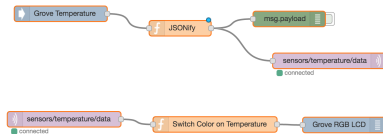


Figure: Temperature measurement and light control with Node-RED nodes and flows (Source: Intel software)

Eclipse 4diac (IEC 61499)

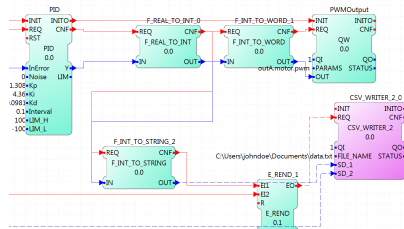


Figure: Motor control and monitoring with 4diac function blocks (Source: Eclipse)

Behavior Description Languages

A W3C standard to describe behavior should support all paradigms, which can be (roughly) divided in four categories.

- Process-oriented
 - State-transition machines
 - Business process modeling
- Numeric
 - Transfer functions (e.g. PID)
- Rule-based & knowledge-based
 - Horn logic (rules)
 - Belief-desire-intention model
 - Condition-action rules
- Statistical
 - Bayesian inference
 - Neural networks

Behavior Description Languages

A W3C standard to describe behavior should support all paradigms, which can be (roughly) divided in four categories.

- Process-oriented
 - State-transition machines
 - Business process modeling
- Numeric
 - Transfer functions (e.g. PID)
- Rule-based & knowledge-based
 - Horn logic (rules)
 - Belief-desire-intention model
 - Condition-action rules
- Statistical
 - Bayesian inference
 - Neural networks

Behavior Description Languages

A W3C standard to describe behavior should support all paradigms, which can be (roughly) divided in four categories.

- Process-oriented
 - State-transition machines
 - Business process modeling
- Numeric
 - Transfer functions (e.g. PID)
- Rule-based & knowledge-based
 - Horn logic (rules)
 - Belief-desire-intention model
 - Condition-action rules
- Statistical
 - Bayesian inference
 - Neural networks

Behavior Description Languages

A W3C standard to describe behavior should support all paradigms, which can be (roughly) divided in four categories.

- Process-oriented
 - State-transition machines
 - Business process modeling
- Numeric
 - Transfer functions (e.g. PID)
- Rule-based & knowledge-based
 - Horn logic (rules)
 - Belief-desire-intention model
 - Condition-action rules
- Statistical
 - Bayesian inference
 - Neural networks

Behavior Description Languages

A W3C standard to describe behavior should support all paradigms, which can be (roughly) divided in four categories.

- Process-oriented
 - State-transition machines
 - Business process modeling
- Numeric
 - Transfer functions (e.g. PID)
- Rule-based & knowledge-based
 - Horn logic (rules)
 - Belief-desire-intention model
 - Condition-action rules
- Statistical
 - Bayesian inference
 - Neural networks

Behavior Description Languages

A W3C standard to describe behavior should support all paradigms, which can be (roughly) divided in four categories.

- Process-oriented
 - State-transition machines
 - Business process modeling
- Numeric
 - Transfer functions (e.g. PID)
- Rule-based & knowledge-based
 - Horn logic (rules)
 - Belief-desire-intention model
 - Condition-action rules
- Statistical
 - Bayesian inference
 - Neural networks

Behavior Description Languages

A W3C standard to describe behavior should support all paradigms, which can be (roughly) divided in four categories.

- Process-oriented
 - State-transition machines
 - Business process modeling
- Numeric
 - Transfer functions (e.g. PID)
- Rule-based & knowledge-based
 - Horn logic (rules)
 - Belief-desire-intention model
 - Condition-action rules
- Statistical
 - Bayesian inference
 - Neural networks

Behavior Description Languages

A W3C standard to describe behavior should support all paradigms, which can be (roughly) divided in four categories.

- Process-oriented
 - State-transition machines
 - Business process modeling
- Numeric
 - Transfer functions (e.g. PID)
- Rule-based & knowledge-based
 - Horn logic (rules)
 - Belief-desire-intention model
 - Condition-action rules
- Statistical
 - Bayesian inference
 - Neural networks

Behavior Description Languages

A W3C standard to describe behavior should support all paradigms, which can be (roughly) divided in four categories.

- Process-oriented
 - State-transition machines
 - Business process modeling
- Numeric
 - Transfer functions (e.g. PID)
- Rule-based & knowledge-based
 - Horn logic (rules)
 - Belief-desire-intention model
 - Condition-action rules
- Statistical
 - Bayesian inference
 - Neural networks

Risks & Opportunities

- Do not reproduce the failure of Web service descriptions (OWL-S, WSMO)
 - Focus on **usability** and ECMAScript
- Do not compete with Node-RED
 - Complement it*

(*) Nodes are identified by plain strings in Node-RED (heater-controller, ramp-thermostat, etc.). TD documents and scripts have full IRI addressing.

Risks & Opportunities

- Do not reproduce the failure of Web service descriptions (OWL-S, WSMO)
 - Focus on **usability** and ECMAScript
- Do not compete with Node-RED
 - Complement it*

(*) Nodes are identified by plain strings in Node-RED (heater-controller, ramp-thermostat, etc.). TD documents and scripts have full IRI addressing.

Risks & Opportunities

- Do not reproduce the failure of Web service descriptions (OWL-S, WSMO)
 - Focus on **usability** and ECMAScript
- Do not compete with Node-RED
 - Complement it*

(*) Nodes are identified by plain strings in Node-RED (heater-controller, ramp-thermostat, etc.). TD documents and scripts have full IRI addressing.

Risks & Opportunities

- Do not reproduce the failure of Web service descriptions (OWL-S, WSMO)
 - Focus on **usability** and ECMAScript
- Do not compete with Node-RED
 - Complement it*

(*) Nodes are identified by plain strings in Node-RED (heater-controller, ramp-thermostat, etc.). TD documents and scripts have full IRI addressing.

Roadmap & Conclusion



Conclusion

The current proposal is to include a task force on exchanging and packaging WoT Scripts in a potential working group for WoT.

Mission

- Integrate JSON-LD frames in the WoT scripting API
 - For input requirements
 - For contextualization
- Focus on ECMAScript

Final Word

“Any application that can be written in JavaScript, will eventually be written in JavaScript”

— Jeff Atwood (paraphrasing Tim Berners-Lee)

Conclusion

The current proposal is to include a task force on exchanging and packaging WoT Scripts in a potential working group for WoT.

Mission

- Integrate JSON-LD frames in the WoT scripting API
 - For input requirements
 - For contextualization
- Focus on ECMAScript

Final Word

“Any application that can be written in JavaScript, will eventually be written in JavaScript”

— Jeff Atwood (paraphrasing Tim Berners-Lee)

Conclusion

The current proposal is to include a task force on exchanging and packaging WoT Scripts in a potential working group for WoT.

Mission

- Integrate JSON-LD frames in the WoT scripting API
 - For input requirements
 - For contextualization
- Focus on ECMAScript

Final Word

“Any application that can be written in JavaScript, will eventually be written in JavaScript”

— Jeff Atwood (paraphrasing Tim Berners-Lee)

Thanks for listening.
Any questions?